G. R. S. 58

Previous references. 1913-1914

~~190~~

(Inwards)

File No. 140 – 13-14

Serial Nos. 142

Later references.

Re 140-13

1

25-7-14-12

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 142

Part B. for Dec 1914

SUBJECT.

Assignment of the assessment on S. Nos 37. 41 and 67 of Melnakurumalli village in the Thirthahalli Taluk to the Sri Gangadheswara Swamy Temple at Bhimankatte as a Cash Inam.

---

1. From The Revenue Commr to the Secy to Govt Genl & Rev Depts. No 905 & 25-7-13.

Recommending the assignment of the assessment on Certain Numbers of the Melnakurumalli village to Sri Gangadheswara Swamy Temple at Bhimankatte as Cash Inam.

2. Government order No 1341-4 dated 17th December 1914.

Sanctions a Cash grant of Rs. 81-8-0 equal to the assessment for the lands of the temple

GEH. 8,000—7-5-07

Re Survey 20-1-15

S 11] 1913.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(Inzrai)

NOTES.

File No 140-13

FILE HEADING.

Assignment of the assessment on S.nos. 37.41 and 64 of melinakunnalli village in the Tirthahalli Tq. to the Sri Gangavisweswara Swamy temple at Bhimanakatte as a cash inam.

From

The Revl. Commr in mysore.

No. 905 Dated 25.7.1913 Received

Diary No. 228	Enclos. 1+1 file. Spare Copies.	Serial No. 1

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

Reports that the 3 S.nos in question brought under khalsat and fully assessed which has been regd in the name of the temple Vahivat-dar, have been after frequent change of hands, in possession of the present purchasers for since 24 years, and recommends that as their

NOTES AND ORDERS.

restoration to the temple at this distance of time is out of question, the assessment on the land may (Rs 80-8-0)
be granted as a cash inam to the temple.

The Revl. Commrs. letter under disposal explains the facts of the case. This seems to be

NOTES—First Sheet.

G1L—5,000 1,6 12

eral and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. 140 of 1913

Serial No.

a matter for decision in Br. I. The papers may be transferred to that Branch.

Submitted
NV(15)
15-9-1913

2 This is a matter which should be dealt with primarily in this Branch, Branch I being consulted. Put up a note satisfactorily as also the Notes after temple, whether it is under Govt. management, whether the Scale of pension is fixed etc.

Re
17.9.13

3 The facts of the case are as noted below.

Amildar's Report No. 881 Dt 23-5-1905) u,

The temple of Sri Gangaviswesvara Devaru of Bhimanakatte village, a hamlet of Mudbagal village in the Tirthahalli Taluk was originally endowed with land inam of 54 candies Beejavare bearing a beriz of ~~Rs~~ 68-1-2 and charged with a jodi of ~~Rs~~ 13-4-0 of Bukkapur village in the said Taluk. During the Survey Settlement of 1878-9, these lands (consisting of wet and garden lands) were divided into 4 Survey Numbers – 152, and 158 & 163 measuring a 45-21 and assessed at ~~Rs~~ 147-00. During the Inam Settlement of 1880-1,

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—60,000—7 11 13

al and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. 140 of 1913. 3

Serial No.

S. no. 159 was divided into 2 numbers, fresh numbers were given to these lands, and out of 8 S. nos which were constituted, 4 were confirmed as inam to the temple and the rest were brought under khalsat as per details noted in the margin. The khalsat lands were entered in the name of Venkataramanachar as Valiwatdar of the temple In the khetwar register prepared in 1882, the khalsat numbers were entered in the sole name of Venkataramanachar without the addition of the Valiwatdar of the temple It is not known how the mistake was made - On the demise of Venkataramanachar, the khata of the khalsat numbers was made out in the name of his son Venkataramanachar In November 1882, Venkataramanachar transferred S nos 73 and 67 to Subbaraya Bhatta, Archak of the temple, and in April 1885,

* Confirmed as inam

old S no	New no	A. G	assessment
159	38 part	1-33	Rs 4-8-0 wet
160	39	8-30	Rs 21-00 do-
161	40	0-28	Rs 13-00 garden
163	42	1-14	Rs 16-00 do-
	Total	12-25	Rs 54-8-0

Brought under Khalsat

159	73	5-35	Rs 11-00
158	34	13-6	Rs 35-00
159	38 part (67)	12-20	Rs 30-8-0
162	41	1-15	Rs 16-0-0
	Total	32-36	Rs 92-8-0

NOTE—Contn sheet.

GPB—60 000—7 11 13

Serial No.

he transferred S. nos 37 and 41 to Annappa by Razikabuli. In 1899-1900, the Archak re-transferred S. no 73 to the temple without paying arrears of kandaya for 3 years. It is reported that under the authority
7 of Govt Pro no* R. 2973-83 dated 9th January 1902, khalsat on S. no 73 was remitted.
4. The Archak transferred the other land S. no 64 to Thammanya Bhatta - It is reported that after passing several hands, S nos 64, 37 and 41 were transferred by Razikabuli to Jaralli Manjappa in 1894-97 and the lands are now in his possession and enjoyment.
5. The present Archak Seetarama Bhatta, son of Subbaraya Bhatta referred to, prays that these 3 numbers may be treated as Inam Devadaya, the alienation declared void and the lands restored to the temple.
6. After discussing the facts of the case, the Dy. Commr recommends that as the lands in question being Devadaya khalsat would have been converted into entire inam as per Govt order of 1902 if they had been properly entered in the Khatewar and other accounts, a cash grant equivalent to the assessment.

NOTE—Contn sheet.

GPB—60,000—7 11 13

Serial No.

on the lands may be granted to the temple in lieu thereof. The Rev Comr the lands being in possession of the purchasers for 24 years, their retraction is on the ground of the question and states that the Govt may, as recommended by the Dy. Comr take a favorable view of the case and assign the assessment on the lands in question as a cash inam to the temple. [The Govt order of 1902 directs that the amount of Khalsa assessment due on such of the inam lands as are actually in the enjoyment of temples be written off the accounts...]

No information is available re the status of the temple and other points.

Submitted with a draft enquiry

DV(115) 12 12 1913

7. Forwarded to Bt. I for favorable opinion

The mistake is due to the wrong entry in the village accounts i.e. Khatiwar of 1882 wherein the lands were registered in the name of Venkatasamachar in his own right and not as Vahivatdar of the temple which should have been the case under the Inam Settlement. The subsequent alienations is probably due to this entry and the temple [illegible]

NOTE—Contn sheet.

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Mis File No. 140 of 1913.

6

R-Mis 184-13

Serial No.

Made 4 Suffer

Ra

23.1.14

N-S

Pl. search 1.d. 11th June 1902 & 1.C. of a Deva- d- Enam. Remitted & collected & Assessment in the Faslis &c.

Collection containing d/24-10-64 is put up 25 23/3

Submitted—

8. The 3 Survey nos in question having been brought under Khalsa lost their characteristic as Devadaya Inam & the temple was at liberty either to resign or alienate them. The prohibition against alienation having thus been removed, the lands passed into the hands of others, and this took place before the 9th of January 1902 the date of the Govt order directing the remission of the Khalsa on all Devadaya Inams.

9. The point for consideration is whether the temple is entitled to any compensation for the loss of the lands as so, how it should be compensated.

10 In the case of Inams granted for the up-keep of chattrams &c, the excess, if any, discovered & resumed to Govt at the first Settlement, is required to be restored to the Inamdar under the revised Settlement effected in accordance with G O No 16246-55-R7295-92 & the 24th March 1893. When the land

@ Para 60 & 61 of the Rev Manual

NOTE—Contn sheet.

Serial No.

resumed is not available to be restored to the Inamdars, the rules require the grant to him as Inam of other Govt. land, or land in the Inamdar's private holding, equal, as far as possible, in character, quality and value to the resumed land, or the grant of a ready money Inam from the Treasury.

III. If in the present case, the lands had been resigned instead of being alienated by the Wahivatdars of the temple for a valuable consideration, it could be dealt with on the same principles as mentioned in the above para.

If however, it is considered desirable to treat the temple liberally without subjecting it to loss, it may be permitted to collect the assessment of the 3 survey numbers in accordance with a similar order passed in G.O No. R. 3993-5-L.R 4-10-131 dated the 31st Jany 1913 with regard to a personal Inam under quite different circumstances. In this case the validity of the Inam not having been investigated at the time of Inam Settlement owing to the non-appearance of the Inamdar

3

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—65,000—17-6-12.

neral nd Re
Secretariat.

Jmez File No. 140 of 1913

Serial No.

R-this
184-13

the Inam lands were attached and re-
-Sumed to Govt, but Subsequently on
the representation of the Inamdar,
his title to the Inam was recognized
by the Inam Deptt, and as the lands
were in the possession & enjoyment of
others, Govt permitted him only to
collect the assessment thereon.

88 13 If the lands had continued in the
30/3/14 possession of the temple it would
it would have remained by the remission
of the Khalsa. As the archaka has
fraudulently alienated the lands belong
to the temple, and as the assessment
thereon which ought to have gone to the
temple goes to the Govt treasury, Govt
can direct the grant of an equivalent
amount as cash endowment to the
temple, if the latter is working order.

bl 3/4

6/4

Submitted
ann
7/4/14

Is any Govt land being
resumed from the lands in the possession
of the temple as Inam. If the assessment
on the remaining members are the

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—65,000—17-6-12.

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. 140 of 1913. 9

Serial No.

made me submit that a deduction therefrom be made equal to the old jodi. Commr. Br. I also informally

Sd
25.4.14

15 The Superintendent of Br I was consulted informally.

16 From the Register of Inamdar inams endowed with inam lands, it will be seen that the former jodi on the inam lands was Rs 13-3-9, and that the 45 nos which were confirmed as inam during the inam settlement, now pay a jodi of Rs 13-4-0.

17 The assessment on the remaining 3 numbers will have to be made over to the temple without any deduction equal to the old jodi as the full jodi is now being paid by the temple to Govt.

Submtd for orders

AU(115)
29.4.1914.

AAA
12/5/14

18 Put up a draft sanctioning the Rev. Comrs recommendation

Sd
18.5.14.

19 Submtd. with a draft order sanctn.

M(115)
1-6-1914

NOTE—Contn sheet.

GPE—60,000—7 11 13

Serial No.

The Rev Comr's recommendation.

2-6-14

Was this temple endowed or any other cash grants, in which case the Inam register may have the necessary

I mean receive the draft order giving the salient facts of the case

The Register of Ready Money Inams was looked into, and the temple in question does not find a place therein. A printed copy of "Malnad Cash Grants of the Talaks in the Shimoga Dist" is put up. The temple does not seem to have been endowed with any Malnad Cash Grant.

A draft order giving the salient facts of the case is put up.

Submitted

18.7.1914

20.7.14 Put up clean draft

Clean draft, 1 p

NOTE—Contn sheet.

GPB—60,000—7 11 13

ral and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. 140 of 1913.

Serial No.

54 Subd to 1st member

Draft approved.
Issue after submission to the Dewan—

9/8/14 ouw

(Dewan)

755
11.8.14.

Dmy Sy Clerk 10/8

Draft approved.

This is an important matter and may be circulated to the other Members of Council also and submitted to His Highness for sanction.

14/11/14 Dmw 16/11

Subd to Extraordinary member

16.11

Seen.

17.11.14 Dmw 18/11

Subd to 2nd member

15/11

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPL—60,000—7.11.1

General and Revenue Secretariat. | Mus File No. 140 of 1913-14

Serial No.

32 seen
seen Dwn. 19/11
19/11

33 a draft Sub. note is put up
for
Sd. 11. 14

Secy
Dewan) With reference to para 28.

Dwn 30/11

VII
Number to Para 28 of the up Note before Submission
Dwn 28/11
2480
30-11-14

2 to Rev Commr, returning the records, &c. Shimoga, Inam Rights in Mysore, compltg Govt, redg to Branch I, No. 1341-4 & 17 (e) — Sanctions a cash grant equal to the assessment of Sen. Nos. 37, 41, 67, viz 81-8-0, for the benefit of the temple & orders the sum to be included in the Annual Mus budget & disbursed to the temple.

B

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—60,000—7-11-14

Submitted to His Highness.

Papers under disposal.

The accompanying papers relate to the recommendatio of the Revenue Commissioner in Mysore to sanction a cash gran to the Sri Gangavisweswara Swami temple at Bhimankatte in the Thirthahalli taluk, equivalent to the assessment on certain Kalsat lands originally belonging to the temple but alienated since.

2. The Sri Gangavisweswara temple at Bhimankatte was endowed with extensive Inam lands and at the Inam Settlement of 1880-81 this area was divided into eight Survey Numbers, four of which were confirmed as Inam and the remaining number were brought under Kalsat and registered in the name of the Vahivatdar of the temple.

3. In the village accounts, however, the representativ character of the holding was not disclosed and the successor of the original Vahivatdar alienated the lands to other persons. One of these Survey Numbers was subsequently made over to the temple by the purchaser and under the generous policy adopted by Government, this land was converted into Inam in Government Order No. F.2973-83 dated 9th January 1902. The present reference relates to the remaining three numbers which have changed hands since.

4. The Deputy Commissioner and the Revenue Commissioner are of opinion that, though the temple would have been entitle to the conversion of the lands into Inam if they had continued to be in the possession of the temple, yet as they have been in possession of bona fide purchasers for a long time, their restoration is out of the question and recommend that the Kal sat assessment on the lands may be assigned to the temple as cash Inam.

5. The

14

5. The First Member of Council agrees in the above recommendation and the other Members of Council and myself have no objection. A draft order is submitted for the gracious approval of His Highness.

M. Visvesvaraya -
1st Dec. 1914.

Record of Cases submitted for the Orders of His Highness the Maharaja.

524

Subject.

Recommendation of the Revenue Commissioner to sanction a cash grant to the Sri Gangavisvesvara Swami temple at Bhimankatte in the Tirthahalli Taluk, equivalent to the assessment on certain Kalsat lands originally belonging to the temple but alienated since.

Order.

KRM
10/12/14

Secretary
11·12·14

16

eral and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. | of 191 .

Serial No.	
	Issue in favour of J RL 14-12-14
2	To the Revenue Secretary, Nandyal Cumpt Kfst RL 1341-4 & 17 12.14 Sanctions a cash grant equal to the assessment of Jin Nos 37-4 1267 viz Rs 87-8-0 for the benefit of the temple. the sum being included in the annual budget & disbursed to the temple.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25 000—2 11 14

OFFICE OF THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER
IN MYSORE.

Bangalore, 25th July 1913.

No. 905
1st file

FROM

K. Doraswami Iyer Esquire,

Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.

To

The Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General & Revenue Departments.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward herewith for the consideration and orders of Government copy of letter No.592 dated 19th March 1913 together with its enclosures in original from the Deputy Commissioner Shimoga District, recommending a cash grant equivalent to the assessment on S.No.37,41 and 67 of Melinakuruvalli village in the Tirthahalli Taluk to the temple of Sri Ganga Visweswara Dewaru at Bhimanakatte a hamlet of Mulbagal village in the same Taluk and to state as follows:-

2. At the Inam Settlement of 1880-81, the inam lands that had been assigned to the temple were formed into the marginally noted 8 survey numbers, the first four of which were corfirmed as inam and the rest brought under Khalsat. These latter were registered in the name of the vahivatdar of the temple, on whose death his son transferred the khalsat lands to certain persons. Of these one

S.No.	Acre.	Guntas.	Assessment.
Confirmed as inam.			
38	1	33	4 - 8 - 0
39	8	30	21 - 0 - 0
40	0	28	13 - 0 - 0
42	1	14	16 - 0 - 0
Brought under Khalsat.			
37	13	6	35 - 0 - 0
41	1	15	16 - 0 - 0
67	12	20	30 - 8 - 0
73	5	35	11 - 0 - 0

one Subbaroya Bhatta purchaser of S.No.73 made over the same to the temple in 1899-1900 and it was converted into inam on the authority of the Government Order No.R.2973-83 dated 9th January 1902. The remaining three numbers have after frequent change of hands come into the possession of one Javalli Manjappa. The petitioner Seetharam Bhatta prays that these three lands might be taken from Manjappa and restored to the temple as Devadaya inam.

3. The Deputy Commissioner points out that the lands in question would have been treated as inam if they had remained in the possession of the temple at the time of the passing of the Government Order quoted above and recommends that their assessment may be made over to the temple as a cash inam.

4. The lands having been in the possession of the bona fide purchasers for some 28 years, their restoration to the temple at this distance of time is out of the question . But the Government may, as recommended by the Deputy Commissioner take a favorable view of the case and assign the assessment on the lands in question as a cash inam to the temple.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Revenue Commissioner.

V.M.R.

(21)

No. 592.

Deputy Commissioner's office
Shimoga District
Dated, Shimoga, 19th March 1913.

From

S.Narayana Rao Esquire.,
Assistant Commissioner,
in District charge
Shimoga.

To

K.S.Dorasami Iyer Esquire.,
Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.
B a n g a l o r e.

Sir,

In submitting herewith the entire correspondence, received with Thirthahalli Taluk Amildar's report No. 170 dated 5th August 1910, relating to the petition of Bheemanakatte Seetharambhatta, archak of Sri Ganga Visweswara Devaru praying for the conversion into Inam of certain numbers of Melinakuravalli village, originally shown in the accounts as Khalsat, and since transferred to the Khata of private persons, I have the honor to state as follows:-

2. The temple of Sri Ganga Visweswara Devaru which is situated in Bheemanakatte village, a hamlet of Mulbagal village, was originally endowed with land Inam of 5½ candies beejavari bearing a beriz of 68-1-2 and charged with a jodi of 13-4-0. At the introduction of the Survey Settlement, the lands were at first formed into Survey numbers 152, 158 to 163 of Buklapur village, but on a recasting of the villages these lands were included in Melinakuravalli village and made into Survey numbers 37 to 42, 67 and 73. Of these four numbers viz, Survey numbers 38, 39, 40 and 42 were confirmed as Inam and the remaining four were brought under Khalsat and entered in the name of Venkatramana Char as Vahivatdar of Ganga Visweswara Devaru, vide extract of Khalsat Register in the file.

No. 892.

3. In the Khatewar Register prepared in 1882, the Khalsat ... numbers were somehow entered in the sole name of Venkatramana Char, without the addition Vahivatdar of the temple. Enquiries were instituted with a view to determine the circumstances under which this omission was made, but with no success. On the demise of ... Venkatramana Char, the Khate passed down, in the usual course, to the name of his son Venkatramana Char. This latter person transferred by Raji kabuli two survey numbers 37 and 41 to Annappa, on 30th April 1885 and the other two 73 and 67 to archak Subraya bhatta on 2 nd. November 1882. Survey no. 67 was transferred by archak Subraya Bhatta to Nagappa who in turn transferred it to Annappa, the purchase of the first two Survey numbers. Subraya Bhatta further resigned his land Survey Number 73, in favour of the temple and the same was converted into Inam in 1902, on the ground that it was originally a Khalsat land.

4. The remaining three lands viz, Survey numbers 37, 41 and 67 were sold by Annappa to Javalli Manjappa in 1897-98 in whose Khate they now stand.

5. The present archak Seetharam Bhatta, son of archak Subraya Batta above referred to, prays that these three numbers may be treated as Inam Devadaya, the alienation declared void and the lands ... restored to the temple. Annappa, vendor of these lands, is dead and his descendants who were questioned in the matter declined to redeem the lands paying the original sale amount to the Vendee Javalli ... Manjappa. The latter also represented that, as the lands were shown in the Government accounts as Sircar, he had no means of knowing that they were Inam lands and that there was no remissness on his part.

6. It is a fact that from the year 1881-82 the lands are shown as Sircar in the village accounts and that no traces of their original connection with the temple are seen either in the Khatewar, Kate or pahani. It is only by reference to the Khalsat Register and the ... older accounts that the real state of affairs is seen. There is no doubt that the present confusion originated in entering in the Khatewar the Vahivatdar's name, without any mention of the temple. As the mistake or the mischief was done so far back as 28 years ago and as the lands have passed several hands, and there being nothing to

impeach the bonafides of these transactions, the possession and title of the present holder cannot reasonably be considered as vitiated by the original taint.

7. Under these circumstances, I would recommend that, as the lands in question being Devadaya Khalsat would have been converted into entire Inam, as per Government order of 1902, if they had been properly entered in the Khatewar and other accounts, a cash grant equivalent to the assessment on the lands may be granted to the temple in lieu thereof.

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most obedient servant

S.Narayana Rao

Assistant Commissioner in District charge

S h i m o g a.

Copy

For Revenue Commissioner

2-3

(Sanctions the assignment of the Khalsat Assessment on certain lands as a Cash grant to Sri Gangavisweswara Devaru temple at Bhimanakatte in the Tirthahalli Taluk)

File No. 140/13.

Serial No 2

*Diary No. of letter replied to*_____

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.
( )

, *the* 191 .

Date of issue. 17-12-1914

Signed by J W L Narasimmaiengar

READ—

Letter No.905 dated 25th July 1913 from the Revenue Commissioner in Mysore giving cover to letter No.592 dated 19th March 1913 of the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, and recommending that Government may take a favourable view of the case and assign as a cash grant to the temple, the Khalsat assessment on certain lands originally granted as inam to Sri

over

ORDER THEREON —No.

SUBJECT.

GPB—50,000—1-12-12

Ganga Visweswara Devaru at Bhimanakatte of the Tirthahalli Taluk, but since alienated and now in the possession of bona fidē purchasers.

Order thereon: No. 1341-4 Enfile D 17-12-1914
Inm 140-13-2

The temple of Sri Ganga Visweswara Devaru of Bhimanakatte Village in the Tirthahalli Taluk is a Muzrai institution.

2. The temple was originally endowed with land inam of 54 candies beejavari with a beriz of Rs.68-1-2 and bearing a jodi of Rs.13-4-0 in Bukkapura village in the said Taluk. During the Survey Settlement in 1878-9, these lands were divided into seven Survey Nos. measuring 45 acres and 21 guntas and assessed at Rs.147/-. During the inam settlement of 1880-1, one of the lands Survey No.159 was again sub-divided into 2 numbers. Thus 8 survey numbers were constituted out of the Inam and in the settlement which followed 4 survey numbers were confirmed as inam to the temple and the rest were brought under Khalsat as noted in the margin.

* Confirmed as Inam.

Old S. No.	Fresh No.	A.	G.	Assessment Rs.	A.
159 (wet)	38 (part)	1	33	4	8
160	Do. 39	8	30	21	0
161 garden	40	0	28	13	0
163	do. 42	1	14	16	0
		12	25	54	8

Brought under Khalsat.

152	73	5	35	11	0
158	37	13	6	55	0
159	38 (part) (67)	12	20	30	8
162	41	1	15	16	0
		32	36	92	8

R. S. 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(Continuation sheet draft form.)

3. The Khalsat lands were entered in the name of Venkataramana Char who was the Vahivatdar of the temple, ~~but~~ and in the Khetwar of 1882, these lands were registered in the name of Venkataramanachar, but it was by a mistake omitted to be noted that the registry was in his capacity as the Vahivatdar of the temple. On the demise of Venkataramanachar, his son transferred S.Nos. 73 and 67 to Subraya Bhatta, Archak of the temple in November 1882 and S.Nos. 37 and 41 were alienated to Ammappa in April 1885. In 1899-1900 the Archak re-transferred S.No.73 to the temple, and under Government Proceedings No.R.2973-83 dated 9th January 1902, the Khalsat on this land was remitted. This land is now in the enjoyment of the temple as Inam.

4. The remaining S.Nos.67, 37 and 41 after passing through several hands were finally acquired by Javali Manjappa in 1897-8. The Archak Seetharama Bhatta

GPS—12,000—15-2-13.

a son of Subraya Bhatta now prays that these numbers may be restored to the temple as Inam.

5. The Deputy Commissioner considers that the alienation was primarily due to an omission in the Khetwar of 1862 which showed that the lands were in the personal occupancy of Venkataramanachar and is of opinion that as the lands themselves cannot be resumed and restored to the temple, the latter may be given the benefit of the assessment accruing from these lands. The Revenue Commissioner supports the recommendation.

6. Government concur in the above view and are accordingly pleased to sanction a cash grant equal to the assessment on S.Nos.37, 41 and 67, viz., Rs.81-8-0 for the benefit of Sri Ganga-viswesware Devaru temple at Bhimanakatte. The above sum will be included in the annual Muzrai Budget and disbursed to the temple.

For Offg.Secretary to Govt.

G. R. S. 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(Continuation sheet draft form.)

To

The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore returning the records.

The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.

The ~~Colonel~~ Superintendent in Mysore

The Comptroller, Mysore Government

Copy to Branch I.

GPB—12,000—15-2-13.

READ—

Letter No. 905, dated 25th July 1913, from the Revenue Commissioner in Mysore, giving cover to letter No. 592, dated 19th March 1913, of the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, and recommending that Government may take a favourable view of the case and assign as a cash grant to the temple, the Khalsat assessment on certain lands originally granted as inam to Sri Ganga Visweswara Devaru at Bhimanakatte of the Tirthahalli Taluk, but since alienated and now in the possession of *bona fide* purchasers.

No. 1341-4—Muz. 140-13-2, DATED BANGALORE, 17TH DECEMBER 1914.

ORDER THEREON.—The temple of Sri Ganga Visweswara Devaru of Bhimanakatte village in the Tirthahalli Taluk is a Muzrai institution.

2. The temple was originally endowed with land inam of 54 candies beejavari with a beriz of Rs. 68-1-2 and bearing a jodi of Rs. 13-4-0 in Buklapura village in the said taluk. During the Survey Settlement in 1878-79, these lands were divided into 7 survey numbers measuring 45 acres and 21 guntas and assessed at Rs. 147. During the Inam Settlement of 1880-81, one of the lands, Survey No. 159, was again subdivided into 2 numbers. Thus 8 survey numbers were constituted out of the inam and in the settlement which followed 4 survey numbers were confirmed as inam to the temple and the rest were brought under Khalsat as noted in the margin.

3. The Khalsat lands were entered in the name of Venkataramanachar who was the Vahivatdar of the temple, and in the Khetwar of 1882, these lands were registered in the name of Venkataramanachar, but it was by a mistake omitted to be noted that the registry was in his capacity as the Vahivatdar of the temple. On the demise of Venkataramanachar, his son transferred survey Nos. 73 and 67 to Subraya Bhatta, Archak of the temple, in November 1882, and survey Nos. 37 and 41 were alienated to Annappa in April 1885. In 1899-1900 the Archak re-transferred survey No. 73 to the temple, and under Government Proceedings No. R. 2973-83, dated 9th January 1902, the Khalsat on this land was remitted. This land is now in the enjoyment of the temple as inam.

Old Survey No	Fresh No.	A.	g.	Assessment. Rs	a.	p.
Confirmed as inam						
159 (wet)	38 (part)	1	33	4	8	0
160 do	39	8	30	21	0	0
161 garden	40	0	28	13	0	0
163 do	42	1	14	16	0	0
		12	25	54	8	0
Brought under Khalsat.						
152	73	5	35	11	0	0
158	37	13	6	35	0	0
159	38 (67)	(part) 12	20	30	8	0
162	41	1	15	16	0	0
		32	36	92	8	0

4. The remaining Survey Nos. 67, 37 and 41 after passing through several hands were finally acquired by Javali Manjappa in 1897-98. The Archak Seetharama Bhatta, a son of Subraya Bhatta, now prays that these numbers may be restored to the temple as inam.

5. The Deputy Commissioner considers that the alienation was primarily due to an omission in the Khetwar of 1882 which showed that the lands were in the personal occupancy of Venkataramanachar and is of opinion that as the lands themselves cannot be resumed and restored to the temple, the latter may be given the benefit of the assessment accruing from these lands. The Revenue Commissioner supports the recommendation.

Muzrai, dated 17th December 1914.

6. Government concur in the above view and are accordingly pleased to sanction a cash grant equal to the assessment on survey Nos. 37, 41 and 67, *viz.*, Rs. 81-8-0 for the benefit of Sri Ganga Visveswara Devaru temple at Bhimanakatte. The above sum will be included in the annual Muzrai Budget and disbursed to the temple.

Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore, returning the records.
The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.
The Inam Superintendent in Mysore.
The Comptroller, Mysore Government.

Exd.—C R

1914-15

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

MUZRAI

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 17th December 1914

No. 1341-4
Muz. 140-13-2

Sanctioning a cash grant of Rs. 81-8-0 equal to the assessment on lands originally granted for the benefit of Sri Ganga Visveswara Devaru temple at Bhimanakatte in the Tirthahalli Taluk.

GPB—25 12 14—200